Press Release

## ANOTHER DOUBLE-DIGIT INCREASE FOR THE EUROPEAN CAR MARKET IN OCTOBER: +14.1\%.

Concerning the Euro 7 dossier, ANFIA appreciates the position of the European Parliament and trusts that in the recent trilogue negotiations, it will be possible to continue on the path of an overall regulatory vision that will stimulate the transition pragmatically and rationally

Turin, 21st November 2023 - According to data published today by ACEA, new car registrations in the EU countries, including EFTA and the UK ${ }^{1}$ totalled 1,039,253 units in October, $14.1 \%$ more than in the same month last year.
In the first ten months of 2023, registered sales reached 10,722,930 units, a positive change of $16.7 \%$ compared to the previous year.

Roberto Vavassori, President of ANFIA, announced "another double-digit increase for the European car market in October, marking the fifteenth consecutive month of growth (+14.1\%). Among the five main markets, France achieved the highest increase in registrations with $21.9 \%$, followed by Italy (+20\%), Spain (+18.1\%), and the United Kingdom (+14.3\%). However, Germany's growth rate slowed to $4.9 \%$ despite being the first market in terms of monthly sales volume.
The cumulative year for the first ten months of 2023 showed an increase of $16.7 \%$, with over 10.7 million registered units. This number is $19.6 \%$ less than the sales volume for January-October 2019, before the pandemic.

In October, the penetration rate of pure electric cars (BEVs) reached $15.2 \%$, exceeding the rate of diesel cars (10.6\%) for the fifth consecutive month. The same is true for JanuaryOctober 2023, where the share of BEVs remains $15.2 \%$ compared to $12.2 \%$ for diesel. However, in Italy, diesel registrations for the month stood at 18\%, compared to only 3.9\% for BEVs.

Regarding the Euro 7 dossier, we appreciated the position of the European Parliament, and trust that in the final trialogue negotiations at the beginning of 2024, we can continue along the path of a regulatory vision that promotes the transition pragmatically and rationally".

In October, registrations of alternative fuel vehicles in the EU+EFTA+UK area rose by 26.1\%. In particular, there was a significant increase in registrations of battery electric vehicles

[^0](BEVs) by $30.1 \%$ and conventional hybrids by $32.9 \%$. The total number of hybrid and electric cars registered was 545,909 , which accounted for $52.5 \%$ of the market. Rechargeable vehicles (BEVs and PHEVs) comprised $23.8 \%$ of the market share. Sales of rechargeable cars in the five major markets reached 153,933 units in October, up $12.1 \%$. From January to October 2023, the total number of rechargeable vehicles sold in the same area was $1,511,390$ units, marking a $25.2 \%$ increase.

In October 2023, 139,045 units were sold in Italy, marking a 20\% increase in sales. From January to October 2023, 1,315,033 units were registered, representing a 20.4\% increase compared to the same period in 2022.
According to ISTAT data, the national consumer price index rose by $0.2 \%$ in October compared to the previous month and $1.7 \%$ compared to last year. However, this is a significant slowdown compared to the previous month's $5.3 \%$ increase in the inflation rate. The decrease in the inflation rate can mainly be attributed to the downward trend in energy product prices (both regulated and unregulated), along with a slight fall in unprocessed and processed food prices. The price acceleration of dwelling and transport services partially offset these effects.

In terms of fuel type, petrol cars gained a $21 \%$ market share in October, with diesel passenger cars experiencing a $3.7 \%$ decrease compared to October 2000, resulting in a market share of $14.8 \%$. Registrations of petrol cars increased by $22.4 \%$ over the year, with diesel cars experiencing a $9.8 \%$ increase. In October, alternative fuel cars accounted for $57.3 \%$ of the market, with sales up $27.7 \%$ compared to the previous year. In the cumulated year, alternatives increased by $23.4 \%$ to a market share of $53.5 \%$ (+1.2 percentage points compared to the same period in 2022). Electrified cars represented $47.3 \%$ of the market in October and $44.4 \%$ in the accumulated year, with sales increasing by $27.3 \%$ and $25.3 \%$ in the month and year, respectively. Among these, mild and full hybrids grew by $28 \%$ in the month, with a market share of $39 \%$. In the cumulative year, they grew by $26.8 \%$, with a share of $36 \%$. Registrations of rechargeable cars increased by $24 \%$ in the month (market share: $8.3 \%$ ) and by $19 \%$ in the cumulated year (share: $8.4 \%$ ). Electric cars represented $4.1 \%$ of the market, growing by $57.2 \%$ monthly. Plug-in hybrids grew by $2.4 \%$, representing 4.2\% of the market in the month. On a cumulative basis, both types grew by $30.3 \%$ and $10.6 \%$, respectively. Gas-powered cars represented $10 \%$ of new registrations in October, of which $9.9 \%$ were LPG cars (+29.2\% compared to October 2000) and $0.1 \%$ CNG cars (-74.8\%). Over the past ten months, LPG cars have increased by $25.2 \%$, while CNG cars have decreased by $85.3 \%$.

In October 2023, Spain registered 77,892 units, which is $18.1 \%$ more than the same month in the previous year. From January to October 2023, the market grew by $18.5 \%$, with 789,272 units registered. However, it is a $17 \%$ decrease compared to the same period in 2019. ANFAC, the Spanish Association of Car and Truck Manufacturers, says that the double-digit increase in October improves the forecast for the year-end. If the same pace

[^1]of growth is maintained in November and December, the market could exceed 940,000 units. This is better than the 2022 result of only 813,000 cars sold, but it still has to catch up to the one million threshold. Given its population and income levels, Spain needs an annual market of more than one million units to maintain employment in the automotive sector. ANFAC hopes that the European Central Bank's decision not to raise interest rates further will encourage private buyers to replace old vehicles with new ones, thus reducing the average age of the car fleet, which is already over 14 years.

Regarding sales channels, new company registrations increased by 14.7\% in October compared to October 2022. Sales to private individuals rose by $22.2 \%$, while the rental channel grew by $12.7 \%$.

Regarding fuel types, petrol cars had a 36.2\% market share in October, representing a 7.7\% increase. Non-rechargeable hybrids had $35.3 \%$ of the market, a $33.3 \%$ increase from October 2022. Diesel cars had an $11.8 \%$ market share, but sales decreased by $20.2 \%$ compared to October 2022. Plug-in hybrids had a $6.4 \%$ market share in October and an increase of $25.7 \%$ in sales compared to October 2022. Electric cars had a $6.5 \%$ market share in October, an $87.7 \%$ increase from October 2022. Gas cars represented $3.8 \%$ of the market.

Finally, the average $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ emissions fell slightly in October to $115.2 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{km}, 4.4 \%$ less than in October 2022.

In October 2023, France had 152,383 new car registrations, a $21.9 \%$ increase compared to October 2022. From January to October 2023, there has been a growth of $16.5 \%$, with a total of $1,441,007$ registrations compared to the same period in 2022.
The registration of diesel passenger cars and bioethanol decreased by $9.5 \%$ and $0.3 \%$, respectively, compared to the same month last year. On the other hand, all other fuel types are on the rise. The market share of electric cars for October 2023 is $20.4 \%$, compared to $13.5 \%$ in October 2022.

In October, 218,959 units were registered in the German market, which is a growth of $4.9 \%$ from the previous year. From January to October 2023, there have been 2,357,025 registrations, which is a $13.5 \%$ increase compared to the same period in 2022. However, domestic orders fell by $12 \%$ in October 2023 and 21\% between January and October 2023.

Regarding fuel types, hybrid cars have a $33.8 \%$ market share, and their registrations have increased by $7.9 \%$ from the previous year. Out of these hybrids, $7.5 \%$ are plug-in hybrids, which have decreased by $49 \%$. Electric cars (BEVs) have also seen a growth of $4.3 \%$ and have a market share of $17.1 \%$. Finally, LPG cars have a market share of $0.5 \%$ and have seen an increase of $17.5 \%$ in October.

The average $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ emissions of newly registered cars increased by $6.3 \%$ in October, reaching $114.1 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{km}$.

In October, the UK market saw 153,529 new passenger cars registered, which is a $14.3 \%$ increase compared to the same month in the previous year. From January to October, the total number of registered vehicles was 1,605,437 units, a $19.6 \%$ increase compared to the same period in 2012.

The Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders (SMMT) reports that the market is performing better than expected and has exceeded growth projections. The demand for new cars has even surpassed pre-crisis levels in October. Though fleet sales are increasing, especially for electric vehicles, consumers must be encouraged to invest in the latest zeroemission vehicles to sustain this trend. The government has a critical role in this, and the Autumn Statement is an opportunity to offer new incentives and facilitate infrastructure investment, demonstrating support for motorists and encouraging them to switch to electric vehicles.

During the month, fleet registrations increased by $28.8 \%$, private registrations rose by $0.3 \%$, and company registrations fell by $15.2 \%$.

Sales of electric vehicles have been trending positively, with a $20.1 \%$ increase and a $15.6 \%$ market share in October. Plug-in hybrid electric vehicles (PHEVs) also saw a rise of 60.5\% and a share of $9.3 \%$, compared to $6.6 \%$ last year. Diesel cars, on the other hand, continue to decline, with a $17.1 \%$ decrease in the month and a $3.4 \%$ market share. Petrol cars, however, saw an increase in sales volume by $9.3 \%$ compared to October 2022, with a $40.6 \%$ market share.

For more information: ANFIA Press Office
Miriam Gangi - m.gangi@anfia.it
Ph. +39 0115546502
Mob. +39 3387303167

ANFIA - Italian Association of the Automotive Industry
Born in March 1912, over these one hundred years, ANFIA mission has always been to represent the interests of its associate members and ensure effective communication between the Italian motor vehicle industries on the one hand, and the Public Administration and Italian political bodies on the other, with regard to all technical, economic, fiscal, legal, statistical and quality-related issues referred to the automotive sector. The Association is structured in three product-based Groups, each one chaired by a President. Components: motor vehicle parts and components manufacturers; Car Coachbuilders and Designers: companies working in the sector of design, engineering and style of motor vehicles and/or parts and components for the automotive sector; Motor vehicles: motor vehicles manufacturers in general, including trucks, trailers, camper vans, special means of transport.

## The Automotive Production Chain in Italy

5,528 companies
273,600 employees (direct and indirect), the 7.3\% of the employees in the Italian manufacturing sector
86.2 billion Euros of turnover, which means $9.9 \%$ of the Italian manufacturing sector turnover and of $5.2 \%$ the Italian GDP
76.3 billion Euros of tax levy of motorisation

UNIONE EUROPEA - IMMATRICOLAZIONI AUTOVETTURE PER PAESE
EUROPEAN UNION - NEW PASSENGER CAR REGISTRATIONS BY COUNTRY


## (ANFIA <br> Associazi Filiera <br> Iiliera Industria Automobilistica

EU 27 - IMMATRICOLAZIONI AUTOVETTURE PER MARCA
EU 27 - NEW PASSENGER CAR REGISTRATIONS BY MAKE

|  | dati provvisori/provisional data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ottobre/October |  |  |  |  | Gennaio-ottobre/January-October |  |  |  |  |
|  | quota \% <br> \% share ${ }^{1}$ |  | $2023 \quad$ Uni |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Var \% } \\ & \text { \% chg } \\ & 23 / 22 \end{aligned}$ | quota \% <br> \% share ${ }^{1}$ |  | Unità Units |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Var \% } \\ & \text { \% chg } \\ & 23 / 22 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 2023 | 2022 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |  |
| Volkswagen Group | 24,6 | 25,6 | 210.251 | 191.259 | +9,9 | 26,1 | 25,2 | 2.291 .447 | 1.900 .832 | +20,5 |
| Volkswagen | 9,5 | 11,4 | 81.016 | 85.332 | -5,1 | 10,9 | 11,1 | 954.623 | 833.520 | +14,5 |
| Skoda | 5,3 | 5,2 | 45.670 | 38.864 | +17,5 | 5,5 | 5,1 | 479.658 | 384.395 | +24,8 |
| Audi | 5,6 | 5,4 | 48.139 | 40.103 | +20,0 | 5,4 | 5,1 | 477.788 | 381.563 | +25,2 |
| Seat | 1,6 | 1,6 | 13.340 | 11.608 | +14,9 | 2,0 | 2,0 | 176.580 | 150.538 | +17,3 |
| Cupra | 1,7 | 1,4 | 14.592 | 10.204 | +43,0 | 1,6 | 1,3 | 136.975 | 96.459 | +42,0 |
| Porsche | 0,8 | 0,6 | 7.104 | 4.705 | +51,0 | 0,7 | 0,7 | 60.355 | 49.276 | +22,5 |
| Others2 | 0,0 | 0,1 | 391 | 443 | -11,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 5.468 | 5.081 | +7,6 |
| Stellantis | 18,4 | 19,0 | 157.390 | 141.446 | +11,3 | 18,4 | 20,3 | 1.619.471 | 1.527.409 | +6,0 |
| Peugeot | 5,2 | 5,8 | 44.388 | 43.329 | +2,4 | 5,6 | 6,2 | 494.880 | 467.368 | +5,9 |
| Fiat3 | 3,8 | 3,7 | 32.580 | 27.843 | +17,0 | 3,5 | 4,1 | 307.328 | 307.548 | -0,1 |
| Opel/Vauxhall | 3,1 | 3,2 | 26.733 | 23.966 | +11,5 | 3,4 | 3,8 | 301.706 | 283.629 | +6,4 |
| Citroen | 3,5 | 3,7 | 30.312 | 27.590 | +9,9 | 3,3 | 3,9 | 289.998 | 291.262 | -0,4 |
| Jeep | 1,4 | 1,0 | 11.566 | 7.394 | +56,4 | 1,2 | 1,0 | 101.728 | 78.622 | +29,4 |
| DS | 0,4 | 0,5 | 3.012 | 3.749 | -19,7 | 0,5 | 0,5 | 39.895 | 36.664 | +8,8 |
| Alfa Romeo | 0,5 | 0,4 | 4.018 | 3.212 | +25,1 | 0,5 | 0,3 | 39.591 | 22.938 | +72,6 |
| Lancia/Chrysler | 0,5 | 0,5 | 4.228 | 3.669 | +15,2 | 0,4 | 0,5 | 37.781 | 34.852 | +8,4 |
| Others4 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 553 | 694 | -20,3 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 6.564 | 4.526 | +45,0 |
| Renault Group | 11,2 | 10,3 | 95.630 | 76.951 | +24,3 | 10,9 | 10,5 | 955.815 | 788.754 | +21,2 |
| Renault | 6,0 | 6,0 | 51.646 | 44.404 | +16,3 | 5,9 | 5,7 | 519.047 | 432.596 | +20,0 |
| Dacia | 5,1 | 4,3 | 43.707 | 32.333 | +35,2 | 4,9 | 4,7 | 434.182 | 353.969 | +22,7 |
| Alpine | 0,0 | 0,0 | 277 | 214 | +29,4 | 0,0 | 0,0 | 2.586 | 2.189 | +18,1 |
| Hyundai Group | 8,7 | 9,1 | 74.459 | 68.207 | +9,2 | 8,5 | 9,5 | 746.700 | 719.467 | +3,8 |
| Kia | 4,5 | 4,8 | 38.769 | 35.467 | +9,3 | 4,4 | 4,9 | 387.801 | 368.597 | +5,2 |
| Hyundai | 4,2 | 4,4 | 35.690 | 32.740 | +9,0 | 4,1 | 4,7 | 358.899 | 350.870 | +2,3 |
| Toyota Group | 7,3 | 7,5 | 62.644 | 56.195 | +11,5 | 6,9 | 7,2 | 607.431 | 545.205 | +11,4 |
| Toyota | 6,9 | 7,2 | 59.083 | 53.961 | +9,5 | 6,5 | 7,0 | 572.960 | 524.133 | +9,3 |
| Lexus | 0,4 | 0,3 | 3.561 | 2.234 | +59,4 | 0,4 | 0,3 | 34.471 | 21.072 | +63,6 |
| BMW Group | 6,8 | 6,6 | 57.807 | 49.102 | +17,7 | 6,6 | 6,7 | 583.575 | 502.368 | +16,2 |
| BMW | 5,6 | 5,3 | 47.556 | 39.487 | +20,4 | 5,4 | 5,4 | 475.071 | 406.344 | +16,9 |
| Mini | 1,2 | 1,3 | 10.251 | 9.615 | +6,6 | 1,2 | 1,3 | 108.504 | 96.024 | +13,0 |
| Mercedes-Benz | 5,6 | 5,8 | 48.292 | 43.198 | +11,8 | 5,5 | 5,8 | 485.241 | 435.555 | +11,4 |
| Mercedes | 5,4 | 5,6 | 45.997 | 41.857 | +9,9 | 5,3 | 5,6 | 463.708 | 420.627 | +10,2 |
| Smart | 0,3 | 0,2 | 2.295 | 1.341 | +71,1 | 0,2 | 0,2 | 21.533 | 14.928 | +44,2 |
| Ford | 3,3 | 4,4 | 28.402 | 33.032 | -14,0 | 3,5 | 4,2 | 310.542 | 314.556 | -1,3 |
| Tesla | 1,7 | 0,8 | 14.183 | 5.716 | +148,1 | 2,5 | 1,2 | 217.394 | 93.507 | +132,5 |
| Volvo Cars | 2,2 | 2,4 | 18.590 | 17.685 | +5,1 | 2,0 | 1,9 | 174.507 | 146.661 | +19,0 |
| Nissan | 1,9 | 1,6 | 16.615 | 12.079 | +37,6 | 1,8 | 1,7 | 161.804 | 128.533 | +25,9 |
| Suzuki | 1,6 | 1,1 | 13.788 | 8.141 | +69,4 | 1,5 | 1,2 | 128.796 | 86.952 | +48,1 |
| Mazda | 1,4 | 1,4 | 11.893 | 10.236 | +16,2 | 1,4 | 1,2 | 121.174 | 87.507 | +38,5 |
| Jaguar Land Rover Group | 0,6 | 0,6 | 5.515 | 4.283 | +28,8 | 0,7 | 0,7 | 58.136 | 49.361 | +17,8 |
| Land Rover | 0,5 | 0,5 | 4.685 | 3.489 | +34,3 | 0,6 | 0,5 | 49.266 | 39.029 | +26,2 |
| Jaguar | 0,1 | 0,1 | 830 | 794 | +4,5 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 8.870 | 10.332 | -14,2 |
| Mitsubishi | 0,4 | 0,5 | 3.600 | 3.860 | -6,7 | 0,4 | 0,6 | 32.078 | 43.072 | -25,5 |
| Honda | 0,4 | 0,5 | 3.774 | 3.386 | +11,5 | 0,3 | 0,5 | 26.564 | 34.446 | -22,9 |

## (ANFIA <br> Associazi <br> Industria Automobilistica

EUROPA (EU27+EFTA+UK) - IMMATRICOLAZIONI AUTOVETTURE PER MARCA
EUROPE (EU27+EFTA+UK) - NEW PASSENGER CAR REGISTRATIONS BY MAKE

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | visori/provi | nal data |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ottobre/October |  |  |  |  | Gennaio-ottobre/January-October |  |  |  |  |
|  | quota \% <br> \% share ${ }^{1}$ |  | 2023 Unit |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Var \% } \\ & \text { \% chg } \\ & 23 / 22 \end{aligned}$ | quota \% <br> \% share ${ }^{1}$ |  | Unità Units |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Var \% } \\ & \text { \% chg } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 2023 | 2022 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 23/22 |
| Volkswagen Group | 24,8 | 25,6 | 257.526 | 233.343 | +10,4 | 25,8 | 24,8 | 2.769.887 | 2.275 .491 | +21,7 |
| Volkswagen | 9,3 | 11,3 | 97.132 | 102.519 | -5,3 | 10,5 | 10,6 | 1.128.251 | 974.586 | +15,8 |
| Audi | 6,0 | 5,8 | 62.754 | 52.635 | +19,2 | 5,7 | 5,4 | 615.232 | 493.546 | +24,7 |
| Skoda | 5,2 | 5,0 | 53.850 | 45.317 | +18,8 | 5,2 | 4,9 | 562.576 | 445.944 | +26,2 |
| Seat | 1,5 | 1,5 | 15.989 | 13.534 | +18,1 | 1,9 | 1,9 | 207.747 | 173.445 | +19,8 |
| Cupra | 1,7 | 1,4 | 17.613 | 12.400 | +42,0 | 1,5 | 1,2 | 163.803 | 113.373 | +44,5 |
| Porsche | 0,9 | 0,7 | 9.624 | 6.285 | +53,1 | 0,8 | 0,7 | 84.628 | 67.289 | +25,8 |
| Others2 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 566 | 653 | -13,4 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 7.651 | 7.308 | +4,7 |
| Stellantis | 17,4 | 17,9 | 180.327 | 162.815 | +10,8 | 17,1 | 18,8 | 1.831 .653 | 1.727.781 | +6,0 |
| Peugeot | 5,0 | 5,4 | 52.017 | 49.408 | +5,3 | 5,2 | 5,7 | 555.343 | 524.485 | +5,9 |
| Opel/Vauxhall | 3,5 | 3,5 | 36.516 | 31.986 | +14,2 | 3,7 | 3,9 | 392.276 | 362.640 | +8,2 |
| Fiat3 | 3,3 | 3,4 | 34.105 | 30.919 | +10,3 | 3,0 | 3,6 | 326.982 | 330.409 | -1,0 |
| Citroen | 3,2 | 3,4 | 33.193 | 30.692 | +8,1 | 3,0 | 3,5 | 319.738 | 321.460 | -0,5 |
| Jeep | 1,2 | 0,8 | 12.075 | 7.595 | +59,0 | 1,0 | 0,9 | 106.663 | 82.679 | +29,0 |
| DS | 0,3 | 0,5 | 3.310 | 4.333 | -23,6 | 0,4 | 0,4 | 42.788 | 40.425 | +5,8 |
| Alfa Romeo | 0,4 | 0,4 | 4.232 | 3.428 | +23,5 | 0,4 | 0,3 | 42.214 | 25.341 | +66,6 |
| Lancia/Chrysler | 0,4 | 0,4 | 4.228 | 3.671 | +15,2 | 0,4 | 0,4 | 37.789 | 34.869 | +8,4 |
| Others4 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 651 | 783 | -16,9 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 7.860 | 5.473 | +43,6 |
| Renault Group | 9,9 | 9,1 | 103.153 | 82.940 | +24,4 | 9,6 | 9,3 | 1.028 .869 | 850.182 | +21,0 |
| Renault | 5,4 | 5,3 | 56.629 | 48.080 | +17,8 | 5,2 | 5,1 | 561.012 | 464.031 | +20,9 |
| Dacia | 4,4 | 3,8 | 46.222 | 34.625 | +33,5 | 4,3 | 4,2 | 464.902 | 383.631 | +21,2 |
| Alpine | 0,0 | 0,0 | 302 | 235 | +28,5 | 0,0 | 0,0 | 2.955 | 2.520 | +17,3 |
| Hyundai Group | 8,6 | 9,0 | 89.551 | 81.953 | +9,3 | 8,8 | 9,8 | 940.543 | 903.992 | +4,0 |
| Kia | 4,5 | 4,7 | 46.328 | 42.436 | +9,2 | 4,6 | 5,1 | 494.207 | 468.659 | +5,5 |
| Hyundai | 4,2 | 4,3 | 43.223 | 39.517 | +9,4 | 4,2 | 4,7 | 446.336 | 435.333 | +2,5 |
| Toyota Group | 7,2 | 7,5 | 74.964 | 68.165 | +10,0 | 6,9 | 7,2 | 742.072 | 663.601 | +11,8 |
| Toyota | 6,7 | 7,1 | 70.026 | 65.067 | +7,6 | 6,5 | 6,9 | 692.702 | 633.306 | +9,4 |
| Lexus | 0,5 | 0,3 | 4.938 | 3.098 | +59,4 | 0,5 | 0,3 | 49.370 | 30.295 | +63,0 |
| BMW Group | 7,3 | 7,1 | 75.979 | 64.925 | +17,0 | 6,9 | 7,1 | 736.058 | 654.892 | +12,4 |
| BMW | 5,9 | 5,6 | 60.920 | 51.297 | +18,8 | 5,5 | 5,7 | 586.526 | 519.300 | +12,9 |
| Mini | 1,4 | 1,5 | 15.059 | 13.628 | +10,5 | 1,4 | 1,5 | 149.532 | 135.592 | +10,3 |
| Mercedes-Benz | 5,4 | 5,5 | 56.377 | 50.430 | +11,8 | 5,4 | 5,8 | 577.955 | 528.608 | +9,3 |
| Mercedes | 5,2 | 5,4 | 53.872 | 49.014 | +9,9 | 5,2 | 5,6 | 555.712 | 512.408 | +8,5 |
| Smart | 0,2 | 0,2 | 2.505 | 1.416 | +76,9 | 0,2 | 0,2 | 22.243 | 16.200 | +37,3 |
| Ford | 4,0 | 5,2 | 41.263 | 46.997 | -12,2 | 4,1 | 4,7 | 443.979 | 429.200 | +3,4 |
| Tesla | 1,7 | 0,6 | 18.023 | 5.815 | +209,9 | 2,7 | 1,6 | 291.012 | 145.537 | +100,0 |
| Nissan | 2,1 | 2,1 | 22.100 | 19.503 | +13,3 | 2,3 | 2,1 | 241.337 | 192.463 | +25,4 |
| Volvo Cars | 2,4 | 2,4 | 24.742 | 22.258 | +11,2 | 2,1 | 2,0 | 230.062 | 187.637 | +22,6 |
| Suzuki | 1,6 | 1,1 | 16.162 | 9.607 | +68,2 | 1,5 | 1,2 | 156.183 | 107.487 | +45,3 |
| Mazda | 1,4 | 1,4 | 14.207 | 13.207 | +7,6 | 1,4 | 1,2 | 152.903 | 113.842 | +34,3 |
| Jaguar Land Rover Group | 1,2 | 0,9 | 12.250 | 8.463 | +44,7 | 1,1 | 1,1 | 121.077 | 101.886 | +18,8 |
| Land Rover | 1,0 | 0,8 | 9.928 | 7.241 | +37,1 | 0,9 | 0,9 | 100.260 | 80.282 | +24,9 |
| Jaguar | 0,2 | 0,1 | 2.322 | 1.222 | +90,0 | 0,2 | 0,2 | 20.817 | 21.604 | -3,6 |
| Honda | 0,6 | 0,4 | 5.829 | 3.386 | +72,2 | 0,5 | 0,6 | 50.656 | 58.525 | -13,4 |
| Mitsubishi | 0,4 | 0,4 | 3.740 | 4.017 | -6,9 | 0,3 | 0,5 | 33.769 | 45.509 | -25,8 |

SOURCE: ACEA MEMBERS


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ EU 27 + EFTA + UK (remember that as of 1st February 2020, the UK ceased to be part of the European Union). Data for Malta is currently not available.

[^1]:    Italian Association of Automotive Industry (ANFIA)

